

2023

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 60

Answer all groups as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

GROUP - A

1. Fill in the blanks. (all) [1 × 8
- (a) The term Nucleic acid was coined by _____.
 - (b) RNA as genetic material in TMV was demonstrated by _____.
 - (c) Primer RNA is eliminated by the enzyme _____.
 - (d) Ribozyme was discovered by _____.
 - (e) Uncoiling of DNA is catalysed by _____.
 - (f) Tryptophan is used as _____ in tryptophan operon.
 - (g) The energy source for initiation of translation is _____.
 - (h) The multiprotein complex involved in splicing of pre-mRNA is _____.

[2]

GROUP - B

2. Answer any eight of the following within two or three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) Write about mitochondrial DNA.
- (b) Write about 3 properties that give stability to DNA.
- (c) What is exon shuffling ?
- (d) What is gene ?
- (e) What is theta type replication ?
- (f) Write about Rolling Circle Replication.
- (g) What is heat shock protein ?
- (h) Write about Epigenetic gene regulation.
- (i) What is ribosome translocation ?
- (j) What is reverse transcription ?

GROUP - C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each. [2 × 8

- (a) Cot curves

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- (b) Heterochromatin
- (c) RNA editing
- (d) Central Dogma
- (e) Split genes
- (f) Feedback induction
- (g) Gene silencing
- (h) Charging of tRNA
- (i) Activation of aminoacids
- (j) Non-sense codons

GROUP - D

4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Discuss about characters of DNA as genetic material. [6]
- (b) Explain nucleosome concept of chromatin structure. [6]
- (c) Explain the experiment, that proved the mechanism of semi conservative replication. [6]
- (d) Describe the mechanism of splicing of hn RNA. [6]

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[4]

- (e) Describe about mechanism of Lac Operon. [6]
- (f) Describe mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes. [6]
- (g) Describe about structure, composition and functions of ribosome. [6]
- (h) Describe the mechanism of translation in prokaryotes. [6]

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GROUP - A

1. Fill in the blanks. (all) [1 × 8
- (a) Lithosphere is also called _____.
- (b) 'O' Horizon is so named because it is made up of _____.
- (c) Snow refers to forms of _____.
- (d) A group of interbreeding organisms belonging to the same species is known as _____.
- (e) Exponential population growth shows _____ shaped curve.
- (f) A Transition area between two biological communities is called _____.

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- (g) The ecological pyramid of Number is always _____.
- (h) Chaparral biome is also known as _____.

GROUP - B

2. Answer any eight of the following within two or three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) What is biosphere ?
- (b) What is ecological dynamism ?
- (c) What do you mean by biological weathering ?
- (d) What is Acid rain ?
- (e) What is Relative humidity ?
- (f) What is Blackman's law of limiting factor ?
- (g) What is natality ?
- (h) What is Ecotones ?
- (i) What are decomposers ?
- (j) What is phytogeography ?

GROUP - C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Homeostasis

[3]

- (b) Biological components of soil
- (c) Phases of precipitation
- (d) Types of Fog
- (e) Mutualism
- (f) Age Pyramid
- (g) Ecological amplitude
- (h) Trophic level
- (i) Cycling of carbon
- (j) Theory of Tolerance

GROUP - D

4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Give an account of Lithosphere and its various components. [6]
- (b) Describe temperature as an ecological factor. [6]
- (c) Describe the composition of soil and soil profile. [6]
- (d) Give an account of water in the soil. [6]

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- (e) Describe in brief some important characteristic features of population. [6]
- (f) Illustrate the various stages of hydrosere. [6]
- (g) Give an illustrative account of single channel and double channel energy flow models. [6]
- (h) Give an account of vegetation of Odisha. [6]

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GROUP - A

1. Fill in the blanks. (all) [1 × 8]
- (a) The term systematics first appeared in the famous work of _____.
- (b) _____ defined systematics as a scientific study of the kinds and diversity of organism.
- (c) The evolutionary trend and relationship among the organisms is illustrated through _____.
- (d) The term Biosystematics was coined by _____.
- (e) New species evolve from previous species via _____ process.
- (f) The term microspecies was proposed by _____.

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- (g) Specimen or other element designated by the author or used by him as the nomenclature is _____.
- (h) When two species involved in the cross belong to same genus is called _____.

GROUP - B

2. Write notes on any eight of the following within two or three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) Palynology
- (b) Alkaloids
- (c) Flora
- (d) Family
- (e) Monographs
- (f) Phytochemistry
- (g) Homology
- (h) Documentation
- (i) Contributions of Theophrastus
- (j) Cledogram

[3]

GROUP - C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) e-Flora
- (b) Single access keys
- (c) Species concept
- (d) Journals
- (e) Cytological evidence
- (f) Analogy
- (g) Paraphyly
- (h) Molecular data
- (i) Phylogenetic tree
- (j) Concept of taxa

GROUP - D

4. Answer any four questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Write an essay on Multi-Access with its advantages. [6
- (b) Describe virtual herbarium with its uses. Mention about virtual herbaria with database. [6

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- (c) Discuss aims and objectives systematics. [6]
- (d) Discuss about important features of hierarchical system of classification and categories. [6]
- (e) Describe briefly about Bentham and Hooker's system of classification. [6]
- (f) Describe briefly about the family *Lamiaceae*. [6]